

What is Science?

Hypothesis

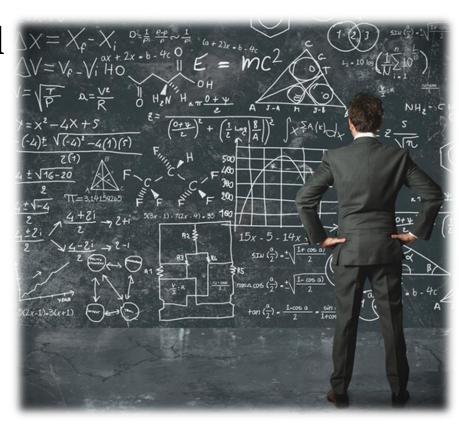
Theory

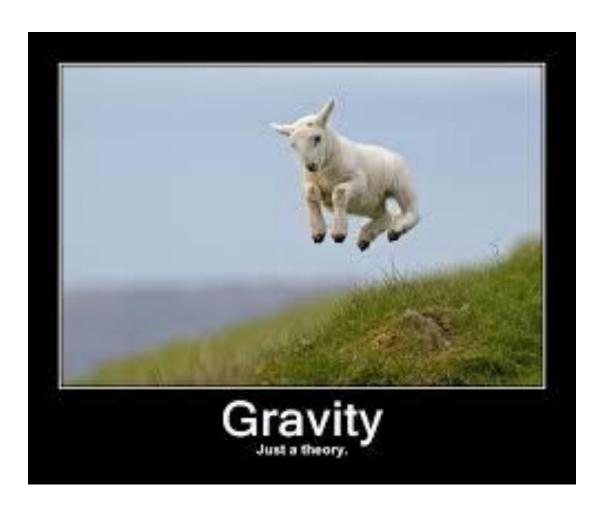
- Learning from:
 - Observation
 - Experiments



Scientific Theory

- An explanation or a model
- Accepted in the Scientific
 Community
- Based on observations, experiments, and reasoning
- TESTED!
- CONFIRMED!

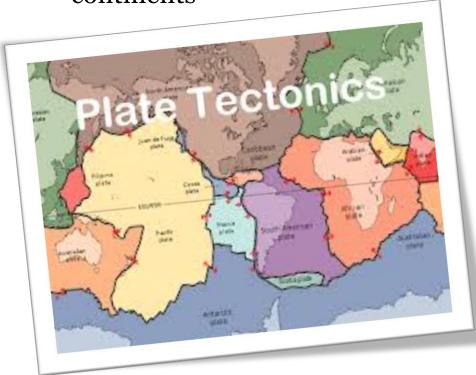




Scientific Theory Examples

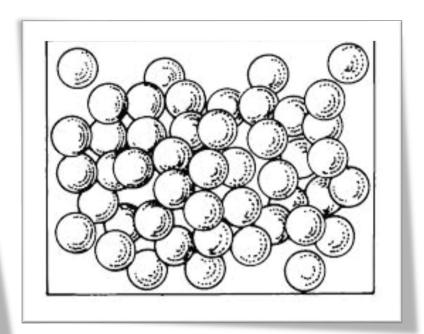
Theory of Plate Tectonics

Explains movement of the continents



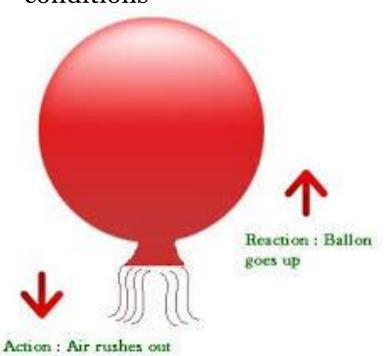
Particle Theory

All matter is made of particles



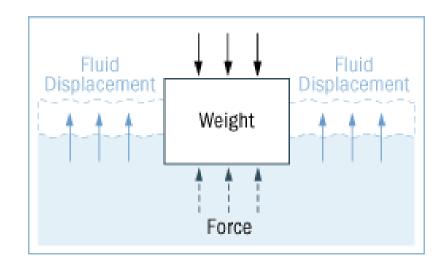
Scientific Law

 A statement of what always occurs under certain conditions

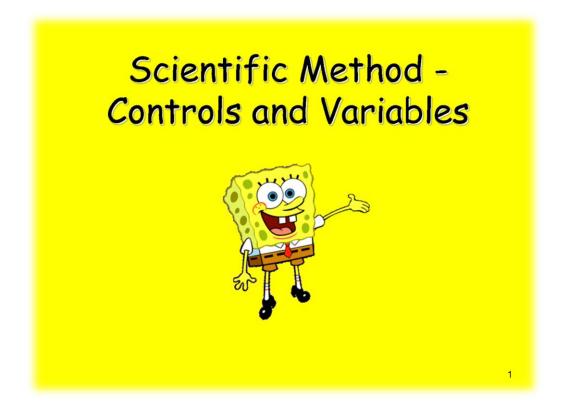


• Examples:

- Newton's Laws of Motion:
 - An object in motion stays in motion
 - $F = m \times a$
 - For every action, there is an equal and opposite reaction
- Law of Archimedes:
 - Describes how far a floating body will sink



Variable - Something that changes in the experiment



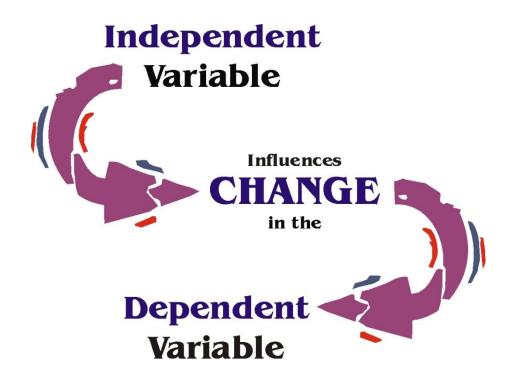
Variables

Independent

- Manipulated
- Controlled by the experimenter

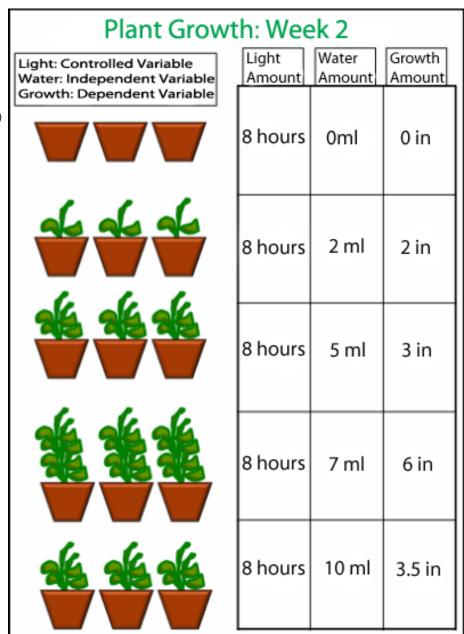
Dependent

- Reacts to changes in the independent variable
- What is observed



Controlled Variables

Kept the same by the scientist



Observations

 Changes in the dependent variable that relate to the problem or hypothesis

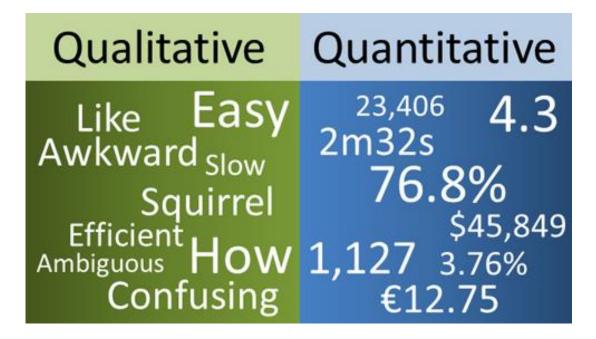
Observation

Qualitative

- Something that is described in WORDS
- What is seen, heard, felt, smelt or tasted

Quantitative

- Measured, counted
- Involves NUMBERS
- Ex: length, mass, volume, density



The Scientific Method

An orderly method used in scientific research

How scientists design experiments



Scientific Method Parts

- Problem
- Hypothesis
- Materials
- Procedure
- Results
- Conclusion



Problem

- The problem you are trying to solve or the question you are trying to answer
- Not a yes or no question
- Explores a relationship between 2 variables



Hypothesis

- What you think the answer to the problem is
- Testable prediction
- If...then...

• Ex: If the object has less mass, then the object will go farther.

Materials

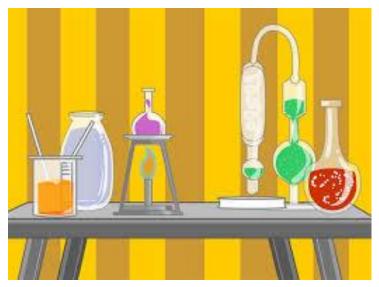
All of the equipment necessary to perform the

experiment



Procedure

- The steps for testing the hypothesis
- Directions to do the experiment
 - List
 - Numbered steps
 - In order



Results

QuaNtitative

- Graph
- Charts



Qualitative

Text

Conclusion

- Summary of the experiment
- What was learned from the experiment
- Was the hypothesis supported?
- Provide evidence (why)
- How could the experiment be improved?
- How could this information be used?
 - Real world applicationFurther experiments