

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### 13.3 NOTES: Recursive Formulas Review

Algebra 1

#### I. Sequence Notation

Subscript	$a_{n-2}$	$a_{n-1}$	$a_n$	$a_{n+1}$	$a_{n+2}$
Function	$f(n-2)$	$f(n-1)$	$f(n)$	$f(n+1)$	$f(n+2)$
Description		previous term	$n^{\text{th}}$ term	next term	

#### II. Recursive Formulas

	Subscript Notation	Function Notation
Arithmetic Sequences		
Geometric Sequences		

III. Identify the sequence as being **arithmetic, geometric, or neither**; identify the **common difference or common ratio**; and then **write a recursive formula** that describes the sequence.

a. 5, 17, 29, 41, ...

b. 256, 128, 64, 32, ...

c. -4, -2, 1, 5, 10, ...

IV. List the first 4 terms of the sequence described by the recursive formula.

a.  $a_{n+1} = -5a_n$  where  $a_1 = 1.5$  and  $n \geq 1$

b.  $f(n) = f(n - 1) + 4$  where  $f(5) = 10$  and  $n \geq 2$

c.  $f(n + 1) = 4f(n) + 2$  where  $f(1) = 1$  and  $n \geq 1$

d.  $a_n = 3a_{n-1} - 5$  where  $a_1 = 5$  and  $n \geq 2$

e.  $a_n = a_{n-1} + (n - 1)$  where  $a_1 = 1$  and  $n \geq 2$