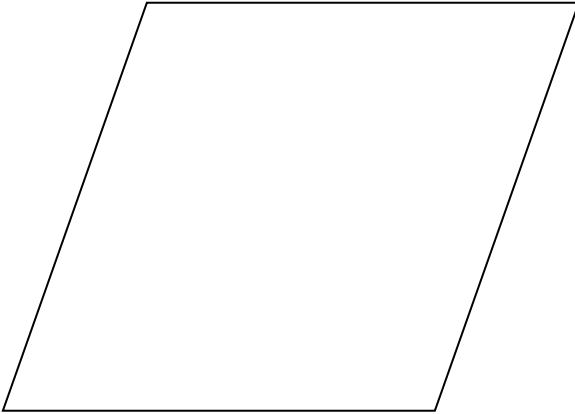


## Special Parallelograms Discovery

## Applied Geometry Ch6 D4

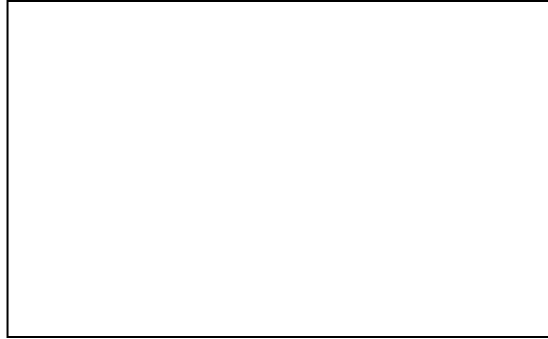
Use a straight edge to draw in both diagonals in each parallelogram below. Then use a ruler to measure the side lengths and diagonals and protractor to measure the angles. Once you have labeled the lengths and angles, answer the three questions for each parallelogram.

**Rhombus** (4 congruent sides)



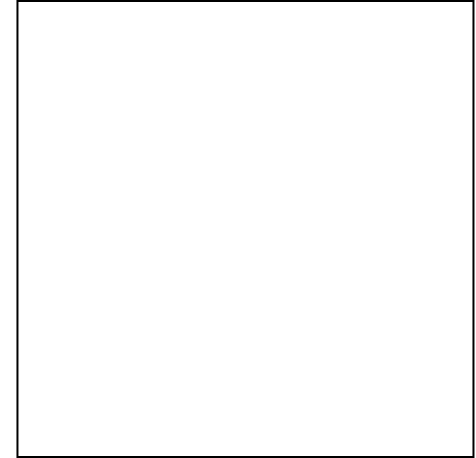
1. Are diagonals congruent? \_\_\_\_
2. Are diagonals perpendicular? \_\_\_\_
3. Do diagonals bisect all 4 angles? \_\_\_\_

**Rectangle** (4 right angles)



1. Are diagonals congruent? \_\_\_\_
2. Are diagonals perpendicular? \_\_\_\_
3. Do diagonals bisect all 4 angles? \_\_\_\_

**Square** (4 congruent sides and 4 right angles)



1. Are diagonals congruent? \_\_\_\_
2. Are diagonals perpendicular? \_\_\_\_
3. Do diagonals bisect all 4 angles? \_\_\_\_

**Make some conjectures:**

1. Write a conjecture about what gives you **congruent diagonals**:

If a Parallelogram contains \_\_\_\_\_  $\rightarrow$  diagonals  $\cong$

2. Write a conjecture about what gives you **perpendicular diagonals**:

If a Parallelogram contains \_\_\_\_\_  $\rightarrow$  diagonals  $\perp$

3. Write a conjecture about what gives you **diagonals that bisect all the 4 angles**:

If a Parallelogram contains \_\_\_\_\_  $\rightarrow$  diagonals bisect all 4  $\sphericalangle$ 's